

# Low-Order Harmonic Generation in Gases with Femtosecond, Short-Wave and Mid-Wave Infrared Laser Pulses

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The on-going developments of high peak-power laser sources in short- and mid-wave infrared enable the investigations of the highly nonlinear propagation of intense laser pulses in gaseous media in those new wavelength regimes. I will discuss experimental results on laser filamentation of ultrashort-pulse lasers at 1.7, 2.5 and 3.9 micrometer wavelengths in gases. The particular emphases of these investigations have been on the generation of the low-order harmonics of the infrared driver, on the spectral interference of those harmonics, and on the effects related to the carrier-envelope phase of the driver pulse. Plans for the extension of these studies into the long-wave infrared will be outlined.

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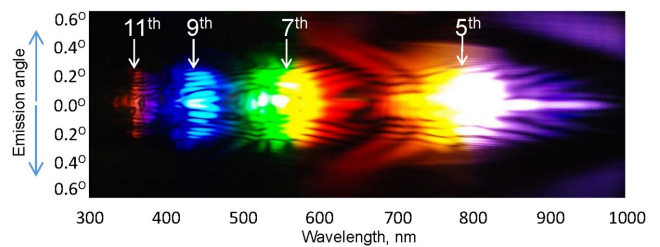


Figure 1: Angularly-resolved spectrum of odd harmonics generated on propagation of an intense, ultrashort laser pulse at 3.9  $\mu\text{m}$  wavelength in air. The diagonal features that are present in this spectral map contain information about plasma density in the mid-infrared laser filament. Spectral interference in the regions of overlap of the adjacent harmonics can be used for the single-shot characterization of the carrier-envelope phase of the mid-infrared driver pulse